

EUROPEAN COMMISSION



Humanitarian Aid



CARE Nederland

CNDR

AADC-Mindanao

Strengthening Assets and Capacities of Communities and Local Governments for Resilience to Disasters, Year 2 (ACCORD-2)

The Philippines

The municipalities of St. Bernard in Southern Leyte Province, Dingalan in Aurora Province, Calabanga in Camarines Sur Province, Maragusan in Compostela Valley Province, and Jabonga in Agusan del Norte Province in the Philippines

July 2008 - October 2009

CBDRR, public-private partnership, DRR in community economic development, DRR in schools

Result 1: Consolidating DRR gains and sustaining activities

- 1.1 Conduct refresher CBDRM and disaster preparedness training, and first aid training for 14 communities, 18 schools, and 2 local government units in already targeted locations
 - 1.2 Conduct drills and update CPs of 2 LGUs, 14 communities and 18 schools; and integrate risk reduction in development plans of 2 LGUs
 - 1.3 Strengthen the disaster risk reduction capacity of the Southern Leyte PDCC
 - 1.4 Strengthen awareness and education activities in 14 communities and 18 schools
 - 1.5 Pilot at least four NRM activities as small-scale mitigation measures
- Set up project sustainability mechanisms

Result 2: Consolidating DRR gains and sustaining activities

- 2.1 Conduct CBDRM and Disaster Preparedness Training for 8 communities and 10 schools in new locations, and the LGUs of Jabonga and Maragusan
- 2.2 Develop contingency plans for 4 communities, 4 schools and municipal LGUs in Maragusan and Jabonga; and develop contingency plans and conduct drills for 4 communities and 6 schools in new locations in Calabanga and Saint Bernard
- 2.3 Conduct awareness and education activities on DRR, NRM and climate change in 8 communities and 10 schools

Result 3: Public-private partnership

- 3.1 Conduct CBDRM, DPT, and ER training for CNDR members
- 3.2 Draft CNDR Emergency Preparedness Plan and Strategic Plan
- Conduct co-ordinated public-private DRR activities
- 3.3 Develop and disseminate tools integrating DRR in CEO
- 3.4 Pilot DRR-smart CBE planning in Jabonga and Maragusan

Result 4: Learning and dissemination

- 4.1 Conduct participatory project monitoring and evaluation
- 4.2 Produce 3 case studies to disseminate replicable practices and lessons learnt

Link the project with other initiatives and agencies and work with other actors in developing coordination mechanisms at the local, provincial and national levels

Last updated: 16th December 2008

Focal points and partner agencies or institutions:

Municipal Local Government Unit of Calabanga, Camarines Sur
Municipal Local Government Unit of Dingalan, Aurora Province
Municipal Local Government Unit of St. Bernard, Southern Leyte
Municipal Local Government Unit of Jabonga, Agusan del Norte
Municipal Local Government Unit of Maragusan, Compostela Valley
Provincial Disaster Management Office, Southern Leyte
Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology (PHIVOLCS)
Philippine Atmospheric Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA)
National Disaster Coordinating Council (NDCC)

About CARE, AADC and CNDR

CARE is one of the world's leading humanitarian organizations fighting global poverty in more than 65 countries. CARE Nederland works towards real poverty alleviation, improves threatening living conditions, puts peace, safety and human dignity first. CARE NL selects the projects that it will support on its own and focuses on getting lasting and readily visible results.

CARE NL will work with AADC and CNDR in implementing ACCORD-2. CARE NL started its work in the Philippines by supporting emergency response and preparedness programs with a local partner in the late 90s. CARE NL worked with CNDR in completing the first phase of ACCORD.

The Agri-Aqua Development Coalition - Mindanao (AADC) was organised in 1994 as a coalition of people's organisations committed to building sustainable rural communities in the island region of Mindanao. In 2000, the coalition adopted Community Economic Development (CED) as its centrepiece development programme.

As implementing partner, AADC will be responsible for the implementation of all project activities in the Mindanao areas. AADC will work closely with the other implementing partners to facilitate cross learning, directed at making Action activities more effective.

The Corporate Network for Disaster Response (CNDR) is a network of business groups, associations, corporations, and corporate foundations whose objective is to rationalise and institutionalise disaster risk management efforts of the business community. In the event of a disaster, the network is mobilised to conduct damage assessments and to source relief goods and financial resources from the private sector.

CNDR will take charge of managing the project areas in Luzon and Visayas. CNDR will be responsible for reporting on the status of the Action activities and finances and for hosting the national project management team.

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EUROPEAN COMMISSION



Humanitarian Aid



Deutsches Rotes Kreuz (German Red Cross)

Integrated Community Disaster Preparedness (ICDP)

The Philippines

Province of Palawan, Municipalities of Brooke's Point and Taytay

Oct. 2008 – December 2009

CBDRR; DP at schools

Result 1: Barangay Disaster Action Teams (BDATs) established, trained and able to engage communities in DRR and DP activities

- 1.1 Build capacity of PNRC project staff and volunteers through an induction workshop
- 1.2 Organise selection of 25 target barangays within the two target municipalities
- 1.3 Organise selection of 9 BDAT members per each of the 25 selected target barangays
- 1.4 Conduct training of 20 trainers (ToT) to enable Red Cross Volunteers (RCV) to co-facilitate the BDAT training
- 1.5 Conduct training of 225 BDAT members in DRR, DM and community mobilisation
- 1.6 Provide personal and team equipment according to PNRC's standard list to all BDAT members

Result 2: BDATs mobilise and enable their respective communities to develop Hazard and Vulnerability Capacity Assessments (HVCAs) and Barangay Disaster Action Plans (BDAPs), and implement sustainable small-scale mitigation measures

- 2.1 Produce dissemination and visibility materials: fact sheets, leaflets, calendars etc.
- 2.2 Conduct regular community meetings to inform communities about the goals and progress of ICDPP
- 2.3 Conduct a comprehensive HVCA process to assess hazards, vulnerability and capacity of the communities
- 2.4 Develop BDAPs based on the analysis of the HVCA process to better prepare the community for disaster situations
- 2.5 Define small scale mitigation measures according to agreed local needs and priorities
- 2.6 Carry out 6 small-scale mitigation measures as agreed

Result 3: Teachers able to impart general knowledge on hazard awareness, climate change and disaster preparedness at schools, and to render basic first aid

- 3.1 Organise selection of 44 elementary schools within the two target municipalities
- 3.2 Identify 2 teachers per each of the 50 target schools (44 elementary plus 6 high schools)
- 3.3 Conduct training of 100 teachers in disaster risk reduction, disaster preparedness and response, and on appropriate methodologies to teach these subjects as DP at schools activities
- 3.4 Conduct training of 100 teachers as first aiders
- 3.5 Provide two first aid kits per target school

Result 4: School students familiarised with potential hazards, the impacts of climate change, and the appropriate behaviour before, during and after disaster situations

- 4.1 Update, reproduce and distribute existing teaching materials: booklet “guide for preparedness”, PNRC posters and leaflets
- 4.2 Produce educational video in Tagalog, and provide translation into English
- 4.3 Implement extra-curricular teaching sessions, action days, first aid sessions, drills and simulations
- 4.4 Conduct pre- and post training tests to assess students’ learning progress

Result 5: Awareness on ICDP raised among Local Government Units (LGUs), and coordination and cooperation between communities, LGUs and Philippine National Red Cross (PNRC) strengthened

- 5.1 Conduct socialization of the ICDP Project to LGUs, target communities and schools
- 5.2 Organize regular meetings and seek agreement with LGUs to secure continued support for ICDPP
- 5.3 Advocate to integrate BDAPs in to LGUs annual development plans
- 5.4 Advocate to replicate extra curricular DP at school activities in line with the annual LGU development plans
- 5.5 Facilitate field visits of PNRC staff and selected BDAT volunteers to other DP programs
- 5.6 Identify potentials for improved fundraising by PNRC Palawan Chapter
- 5.7 Conduct a lessons learned workshop

Participate in DIPECHO consultative process, as well as in relevant coordination and programming events

About German Red Cross and Philippine National Red Cross:

German Red Cross and its implementing partner Philippine National Red Cross both are members of the Inter-national Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies - the world's largest humanitarian organization, providing assistance without discrimination as to nationality, race, religious beliefs, class or political opinions.

We strive, through voluntary action, for a world of empowered communities, better able to address human suffering and crises with hope, respect for dignity and a concern for equity.

Our mission is to improve the lives of vulnerable people by mobilizing the power of humanity. Vulnerable people are those who are at greatest risk from situations that threaten their survival, or their capacity to live with an acceptable level of social and economic security and human dignity. Often, these are victims of natural disasters, poverty brought about by socio-economic crises, refugees, and victims of health emergencies.

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German Technical Cooperation, GTZ

Disaster Risk Reduction in the Eastern Visayas Region

Republic of the Philippines

Six watersheds in Northern Samar, Eastern Samar, Leyte, Southern Leyte

Sept. 2008 - November 2009

Flood, multi-hazard. EWS; disaster-resistant agriculture; safe construction practices; education

Result 1: LGUs are provided with prevention and mitigation measures.

- 1.1 Implementation of appropriate run-off preventive measures
 - 1.1.1 Identification and implementation of appropriate preventive and mitigating measures . (e.g. river bank fortification, drainage, gabions, reforestation).
- 1.2 Small infra support to Evacuation Centers (e.g. Toilets, water pipes).
- 1.3 Promotion of good building practices
 - 1.3.1 Training on safe practices (e.g. building) for municipal engineers and construction companies.
 - 1.3.2 Distribute handbook to relevant partners in Region 8
 - 1.3.3 Local print media get material to write about safe building practices

Result 2: Establishment of six Flood Early Warning Systems completed

- 2.1 Strengthening of six FEWS
 - 2.1.1 Coaching, mentoring of FEWS Operational Centers
 - 2.1.2 Re-organizing, strengthening of DCC incl. Community Observer's training
 - 2.1.3 Equipment for FEWS
 - 2.1.4 Drills and communication chain dry runs for the 6 FEWS.
 - 2.1.5 Health Emergency Training in selected brgs by Phil. Nat. Red Cross.
 - 2.1.6 Support local initiatives to legitimize local flood maps
 - 2.1.7 Replicate flood susceptibility mapping to other high risk barangays inside the selected watersheds
 - 2.1.8 Brgy. flood map validation

Result 3: Hazard specific good practices are promoted (e.g. flood resist. crops)

- 3.1 Promotion of flood resistant rice
 - 3.1.1 Support for test planting of at least 3 different varieties under local conditions (local climate, soil, weeds, pests)
 - 3.1.2 Produce and distribute PR materials to promote successful varieties
- Support for hazard (tsunami, earthquake, storm, etc.) specific good practices (e.g. sign boards, flood markers)

Result 4: Awareness of local natural hazards and disaster risks is raised

- 4.1 Promotion of safe practices in the media by inviting media to our workshops and conferences.
- 4.2 Printing of Information, Education and Communication materials on local hazard risks.
- 4.3 Cross visits to model sites of DRM/EWS in other areas
- 4.4 Print an updated version of a multi-hazard map for Region 8
- 4.5 Promote/advocate DRM to local NGOs through partnership and cooperation
- 4.5.1 Meeting with NGOs or DRM orientation for local NGOs. Try to form alliance with them for lobby work.

Result 5: DRM is mainstreamed into the local spatial and development planning process.

- 5.1 Operationalizing the 5th DIPECHO-supported NEDA DRM Mainstreaming Guideline at the provincial and local level (DILG)
 - 5.1.1 Training on land use and development planning
 - 5.1.2 Training on interpretation of hazard, vulnerability and risk maps
 - 5.1.3 Support DRM policy formulation and advocacy work.

Result 6: Replication of best practices is promoted

- 6.1 Institutionalisation of DRMO using DILG's GOFAR facility
- 6.2 Replication of FEWS to READY-assisted LGUs
- 6.3 Assist the Department of Education in pilot testing the integration of the DRM module into the curriculum of public schools

Focal points and partner agencies or institutions:

Office of Civil Defense (OCD) - focus on emergency management, training

Department of Education - focus on on DRM integration in education

Department of Interior and Local Government/National Economic Development Authority - focus on mainstreaming DRM into local governance, developmental and spatial planning

Department of Science and Technology bureaus PAGASA/PHIVOLCS and DENR's Mines and Geo Science Bureau. - focus on technical solutions to DRM

Provinces, municipalities and barangays (coordination with the respective DCCs and other relevant local department and offices of the local government) – focus on Flood Early Warning Systems

About German Technical Cooperation, GTZ: The GTZ is an international cooperation enterprise for sustainable development with worldwide operations.

GTZ promotes complex reforms and change processes, often working under difficult conditions. Its corporate objective is to improve people's living conditions on a sustainable basis. GTZ's activities in the Republic of the Philippines currently focus on the following priority areas, which are networked by means of an overarching concept or strategy: *Economic reform; Environment; Health and HIV/AIDS; Water and waste.*

The identification of priority areas also takes into account the development objectives of the Philippines, especially where national poverty reduction strategies and cooperation with other donors are concerned. In this context, trans-sectoral issues such as poverty alleviation, promotion of democracy and civil society, conflict transformation and peace development carry special significance. GTZ also executes projects on devolution and IT services.

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Oxfam GB

Safer and More Prepared Men and Women in Local Communities through a Permanent Disaster Risk Management Office in Three (3) High-risk Provinces in the Philippines

Republic of the Philippines

Provinces of Sorsogon, Pampanga and Sarangani

August 2008 - October 2009

*Mainstreaming DRR into local plans; CBDRR; Capacity Building***Result 1: Implement the replication work plan towards the application of the good practice of APSEMO in the 3 high-risk provinces**

1. Presentation and validation of the replication work plan (provincial launch)
2. Conduct of training and orientation on the DRR mainstreaming tool developed by NEDA
3. Pilot test the DRR mainstreaming tool through baseline data gathering and research on capacities and vulnerabilities with in-depth gender analysis, looking at women's participation and leadership in particular, which will then feed into the development of the strategic plan, work plans, budgets, etc.
4. Conduct of research and development of key documents and plans (i.e., strategic plan, work plan, budget and financial plans, regional and provincial plans);
5. Approval of the plans and establishment of the DRMOs;
6. Drafting of the disaster operations manual;
7. Monitoring, evaluation and learning (Documentation, exchange learning visits; and
8. Purchase of basic DRMO equipment and EWS devices for disaster preparedness

Result 2: Reinforcement of local and national capacities toward scaling up of the institutionalization of gender-sensitive DRMOs

1. Development of gendered training materials for the replication inception workshops and for the capacity building of LGU staff, local community members and local media practitioners (in partnership with the PNRC, CCJD, DILG, etc);
2. Development of IEC materials (posters, brochures, video) to promote and disseminate information on the importance of and process in establishing permanent DRMOs and other good practices in DRM;
3. Conduct of capacity building program and gender sensitivity training for
 - (a) the regional staff/officers of DILG for the conduct of RIWs;
 - (b) staff/officials of the 3 LGUs;
 - (c) local community members/leaders from the 2 most vulnerable barangays in each province;
 - (d) local media practitioners in the 3 provinces, and
 - (e) national and regional coordinators of the LGRCs: ensuring that women are meaningfully represented as participants at all levels of capacity building.

Focal points and partner agencies or institutions:

Provincial Governments of Sorsogon, Pampanga and Sarangani

The Albay Public Safety and Emergency Management Office (APSEMO) through the Albay Provincial Government

National Disaster Coordinating Council (NDCC) and the Office of Civil Defense (OCD)

Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG) Bureau of Local Government Development (BLGD)

Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG) Local Governance Resource Centers under the Local Government Academy (LGA)

National Economic Development Authority (NEDA)

Oxfam Great Britain Philippine Programme

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Christian Aid

Building Disaster Resilient Small Island Communities Project (BDRSIP)

Three small islands located in three different provinces in the Philippines:

- Rapu-Rapu Island, Albay (Barangay Mananao and Morocborocan)
- Jomalig Island, Northern Quezon (Barangay Gango and Casuguran)
- Marinduque Island, Province of Marinduque (Barangay Poras and Pili)



Location of BDRSIP Project Sites

September 2008 - December 2009

local disaster management, institutional linkages and advocacy, IEC, and small scale infrastructure & services

About Christian Aid and the BDRSIP Implementing Partners

Christian Aid is an international non-government organization that works in 50 countries, and has over 600 partner organizations in some of the world's poorest communities to ensure that people can build the life they deserve. CA challenges the causes of poverty and works to make change happen by addressing issues on climate change, conflict, HIV, power and corruption, life on the margins and trade. In the Philippines, CA works with partner organizations on the issues of economic justice, urban poverty, mining, disaster risk reduction and climate change.

Christian Aid will be implementing BDRSIP alongside strong partners, Coastal Core, Marinduque Council for Environmental Concerns (MACEC) and Social Action Center Northern Quezon and will actively engage with local government units, government and non-government academic and scientific institutions and disaster management institutions. Disaster risk reduction is mainstreamed in the programme work of the partners.

Focal partner agencies and institutions

Coastal Core Sorsogon (CCS)	Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology (PHIVOLCS)
Marinduque Council for Environmental Concerns (MACEC)	Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical, Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA)
Social Action Center-Northern Quezon (SAC-Northern Quezon)	Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB)
Local Governments of Mananao and Morocborocan, Rapu-Rapu Island, Albay	Manila Observatory (MO)
Local Governments of Gango and Casuguran, Jomalig Island, Northern Quezon	Philippine National Red Cross (PNRC)
Local Governments of Pili and Poras, Boac, Marinduque	Local Government Units of Sorsogon City, Infanta and Lucena City



Result 1. Improve disaster preparedness and disaster response capacities of 6 small island communities

- Conduct DRR/DM capacity building trainings
- Update community hazard maps and risk assessments through the assistance of scientific and academic organizations
- Enhance early warning systems and disaster response procedures, construction or retro-fitting of model evacuation centres
- Form and activate community based barangay disaster risk reduction teams

Result 2. Develop capacities of 6 small island communities to manage period of isolation after a disaster

- Institute mechanisms for communication and transportation
- Conduct capacity building trainings on emergency assessment, initial evacuation and initial relief operations
- Determine emergency food requirements and devise stock piling plan
- Prepare community response emergency plans

Result 3. Establish and strengthen linkages with mainland Local Government Units, public and private public utilities, and communities for disaster response

- Formalise partnerships among local government units, with national government agencies and with the private sector in the small islands and mainland
- Participate in local, national and international advocacy

Result 4. Systematically assess results, lessons and experiences from this project towards the creation of a disaster risk reduction model for small islands

- Conduct learning activities to develop model small island Disaster Management/Disaster Risk Reduction (DM/DRR) system

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Accion Contra el Hambre (ACF-E)

El Hambre Tiene Solucion

Community Based Disaster Risk Reduction in Bicol Region - Philippines

Republique of the Philippines

Municipalities of Caramoran and San Miguel, Catanduanes province, Bicol region

August 2008 - November 2009

Typhoon, flood, landslides...; CBDRR; school component

Result 1: Capacities of Disaster Coordinating Councils (DCC) at different levels (barrangays, municipality and province) to assess the risk and to respond to disasters are strengthened.

1. Drawing up of a working frame in partnership with the National and Regional Disaster Coordinating Council (NDCC & RDCC)
2. Training on emergency planning and response and disaster preparedness to DCC members to enhance contingency planning capacities.
3. Drawing up, revision and/or updating of contingency plans at municipal and barangay level.
4. Preparation, presentation and dissemination of a booklet/manual that systematizes the elaboration and updating of contingency plans

Result 2: Hazards, vulnerability and risk of the Cataduanes province are better known amongst communities, Disaster Coordinating Councils (DCC), national and international organizations linked with DRR and emergency response.

5. Gathering and systematization of existing hazard, vulnerability and capacity data and maps for the region of Catanduanes and preparation of a data.
6. Risk analysis study for the province of Catanduanes.
7. Selection of high risk priority areas and definition of the most appropriate Community Risk Analysis (CRA) tool, for detailed field survey.
8. Implementation of Participatory Hazard Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment (HVCA) in Cataduanes high risk communities.
9. Production, publication and dissemination of a booklet containing the results and conclusions of the risk study.
10. Distribution of GIS equipment and training on the use of the related software to RDCC technical staff
11. Preparation, presentation and distribution of a CD containing consolidated data base and multi-hazard maps using Geographic Info System (GIS)

Result 3: Institutional coordination among DCC (inter and intra) is strengthened.

12. Regular board meetings of DCC at different levels.
13. Emergency drills involving different DCC levels, actors and institutions (Provincial, municipal and barangay level).

Result 4: Early Warning System for typhoons and floods at community level has been improved (in coordination with DCCs and information networks).

14. Distribution of communication equipment to DCC (regional, provincial and municipal level) for Early Warning System (EWS)
15. Training BDCC and community leaders on the interpretation of meteorological forecasts and alerts codes for early warning enhancement.
16. Provision of basic warning devices (transistor radios, solar batteries and/or energy suppliers, megaphones, etc.) to BDCC and community brigades.
17. Realization of a study on traditional knowledge on early warning and preparedness measures at community level.
18. Workshop with broadcast and media representatives and DCC members on the role of communication network in early warning.

Result 5: Communities and their leaders are better prepared and equipped to cope with disasters.

19. Training to sitio representatives, community leaders and BDCC members on Disaster Management.
20. Training to villagers' representatives on legal issues, advocacy and negotiation
21. Establishment and training of community volunteers first aid and rescue brigades.
22. Equipping community volunteers brigades with rescue kits and first aid emergency kits.
23. Non-structural Contingency Planning related infrastructure support works at barangay level.
24. Construction and/or provision of basic services (WASH) for emergency response.

Result 6: Community's leaders are aware of mitigation and most exposed villagers have reduced their vulnerability through the implementation of small-scale mitigation works.

25. Training to sitio leaders and BDCC members on environmental risk and mitigation measures
26. Identification, feasibility study and implementation of small-scale mitigation projects at community level

Result 7: Teachers, non teaching staff and pupils have improved awareness and understanding on the geological and meteorological hazards of Region 5

27. Conduct of training to teachers, non-teaching staff and students in 12 project schools on disaster hazard and DRR.
28. Conduct of workshop with Dep. Education's key staff and teachers DRR teaching-learning materials and infusion of the same in the curriculum.
29. Pre -testing, production and distribution of 12 kits of teaching-learning materials.
30. Implementation of child-led community disaster awareness raising activities involving ERT with participation of children in the communities.

Result 8: Enhanced ability of teachers and students to prepare for and respond to disasters

31. Formulation and drafting of 12 School Preparedness Plans through workshops with school teachers, supervisors, principals PTA.
32. Submission of 12 School Disaster Preparedness Plans to the Department of Education Regional Director for approval
33. Finalization and packaging of 12 School Disaster Preparedness Plans with inputs from children approved by DepEd Regional Office.
34. Organization of Teacher Emergency Teams (TERT) and Student Emergency Response Teams (SERTs).
35. Provision of schools with first aid kits and early warning tools as basic equipment used by ERTs for emergencies in schools

Focal points and partner agencies or institutions:

Partner	Role
National Disaster Coordinating Council (NDCC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Participation in the coordination and monitoring of the implementation ▪ Supports reactivation and organization of DCC at provincial, municipal and Barangay level ▪ Facilitates the dissemination of projects outputs/experience to other regions of the Philippines ▪ Information sharing and coordination particularly in the implementation of the READY project.
Regional Disaster Coordinating Council (RDCC) of Bicol Region	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Participation in the coordination and monitoring of the implementation ▪ Supports reactivation and organization of DCC at provincial, municipal and Barangay level ▪ Participation in the implementation of different trainings ▪ Participation in the coordination of the review and updating of contingency plans ▪ Participation in the identification of communication equipment needs at different levels ▪ Information sharing
Provincial, Disaster Coordinating Council of (PDCC) of Catanduanes and Camarines Sur Provinces	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Participation in the coordination and monitoring of the implementation ▪ Participation in the selection of Beneficiary Barangays ▪ Facilitates the linkage between Local Government Units and sub-national and national authorities ▪ Review and updating of PDCC contingency plans ▪ Information sharing
Municipal Disaster Coordinating Council of (MDCC) of Bagamanoc, San Miguel, Caramoran, Minalabac, Calabanga and Bato municipalities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Participation in the selection of Beneficiary Barangays ▪ Participation in the implementation of trainings ▪ Participation in the rehabilitation of infrastructure ▪ Participation in the identification and implementation of the small mitigation projects ▪ Participation in the identification and implementation of small scale/low cost rehabilitation works of emergency response infrastructure ▪ Review and updating of MDCC contingency plans ▪ Information sharing
Philippines Atmospheric & Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Participation in the comprehensive multi-hazard mapping for Bicol Region. ▪ Participation in the Early Warning System
Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology (PHIVOLCS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Participation in the comprehensive multi-hazard mapping for Bicol Region. ▪ Participation in the Early Warning System
Department of Environment and Natural Resources - Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Participation in the comprehensive multi-hazard mapping for BICOL Region. ▪ Participation in the Early Warning System
Save the Children in the Philippines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Participation in the selection of Beneficiary Barangays ▪ Implementation of Education & Awareness Raising component ▪ Information sharing

About ACF-E: [The mission of Action Against Hunger (ACF) is to save lives by eliminating hunger through the prevention, detection, and treatment of malnutrition, especially during and after emergency situations of conflict, war and natural disaster. From crisis to sustainability, we tackle the underlying causes of malnutrition and its effects by using our expertise in nutrition, food security, water and sanitation, health, disaster risk reduction and advocacy. By integrating our programs with local and national systems, we further ensure that short-term interventions become long-term solutions]

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